

MANUFACTURER'S ELS PRODUCT DECLARATION FOR ESB NETWORKS FORM NC7-03-R1

ESB Networks DAC requires the information requested on this form to manage your electricity supply connection. As the Distribution System Operator, this information is also required to enable ESB Networks DAC to manage the electricity network. The data controller is ESB Networks DAC. Please refer to our privacy policy at https://esbnetworks.ie/privacy

All mandatory requirements in this form are as those required by ESB Networks Standard 'Conditions Governing the Connection and Operation of Export Limiting Schemes'

'Conditions Governing the Connection and Operation of Export Limiting Schemes' (DOC-250221-GBT) defines the technical design requirements for Export Limitation Schemes which limit the net site export to below an agreed maximum and are installed on the Customer's side of the Connection Point.

While DOC-250221-GBT does not describe a type test procedure, it does describe a number of system requirements. This document describes how the ELS product (outlined in Part 1 below) performs relative to key ESB Networks ELS requirements.

Please complete Parts 1 to 9 below

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	Name of Product: HS2 Series Energy Storage System	Model No.:	HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2(Single-phase) HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X(Single-phase) HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X WiFi(Single-phase)
	Manufacturer: SAJ	Make: China	HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X 4G(Single-phase) HS2-6K-S2-IE-X WiFi,HS2-6K-S2-IE-X 4G(Single-phase) HS2-5K-S2-B-X,HS2-5K-S2-B-X WiFi,HS2-5K-S2-B-X 4G
П	Where Manufacturer's ESB Networks ELS Product Declaration	Form is unav	ailable an Export Limiting Relay shall be installed as per

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ESB Networks Standard 'Conditions Governing the Connection and Operation of Export Limiting Schemes' (DOC-250221-GBT)

DESCRIP		

PART 2: DESCRIPTION OF OPERATION
ESB Networks ELS Requirement: A description of the scheme, its settings, and a single line diagram shall be permanently displayed on site. When installed, the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) operates as described below:
Please insert details of operation below or if attached as PDF to this form tick here: X

PART 3: POWER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS

ESB Networks ELS Requirements:

Where the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) relies on power electronics (e.g. Converters etc) to control the load it shall also provide information demonstrating compliance with the harmonics standards (I.S. EN 61000-3-2 and/or I.S. EN 61000-3-12) or provide data on the harmonic currents produced in accordance with the format in the Distribution Code i.e. individual harmonic current and Total Harmonic Distortion.

It is necessary to confirm the ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) complies with harmonic standards cited in the Distribution Code and product standards cited in I.S. EN 50549-1.

Yes X No

The Manufacturer (as outlined in Part 1) confirms that the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) complies with the requirements of the harmonics standards listed above or that the harmonic data has been provided.

PART 4: SYSTEM SCHEMATIC

The ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) is formed of the following main elements:

Document the main elements and provide a system schematic or if attached as PDF to this form tick here: 🗵

- - 1.HS2 Series Energy Storage System(Single-phase) 2.Power Sensor: DDSU666(Used for Single-phase inverter)
- 2. System Schematic

PART 5: COMPONENT INTERCONNECTION/FAILSAFE OPERATION

ESB Networks ELS Requirements: The ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) may be formed of discrete units or integrated into a single packaged scheme. Where discrete units are used, they should preferably be interconnected using metallic or fibre optic cables. Other means of connection such as Wi-Fi are not deemed 'Fail Safe' and require installation of Export Limiting Relay. Irrespective of the media used for interconnecting between the discrete units, if the communication path fails the generation output shall be reduced to the allowed MEC within 5 seconds time to prevent the Agreed Export Capacity from being exceeded.

Description of the fail-safe functionality (Interruption of sensor signals, disconnection of load, loss of power, internal fault detection etc.)

5.1 Describe Component Interconnection here:

Text or diagram or if attached as PDF to this form tick here: X

5.2 System Fail Safe Test Results:

Please indicate appropriate answer

1 Todas	riease illulcate appropriate answer						
No.	Test	System Response	Time <5s	Pass			
1	Remove Power Supply to PMU	The PMU draws power from the grid, a power failure means a grid failure,the inverter is disconnected from the grid.	Yes X No	Yes X No			
2	Remove Power Supply to CU	The CU is integrated in the inverter, remove power supply to the inverter, the inverter is disconnected from the grid and stop working.	Yes X No	Yes X No			
3	Remove Power Supply to all Energy Source Units	The Power Supply Failure to Energy Source Units means the PV module and storage devices stop working.	Yes X No	Yes X No			
4	Remove power Supply to all DCUs	N/A, The Inverter does not control the local loads.	Yes No	Yes No			
5	Remove Power Supply to all Communication Hub Switches	N/A, There are no communication hubs switches in the system.	Yes No	Yes No			
6	Unplug PMU- CU Communications Cable	The inverter will reduce power to a predefined safe range and displays a communication fault.	Yes X No	Yes X No			
7	Unplug CU - ESIU Communications Cable (at ESIU end)	N/A, CU and ESIU are both integrated in the inverter.	Yes No	Yes No			
8	Unplug all ESIU -Communication Cables in turn	N/A, There is no communication with the energy source Units.	Yes No	Yes No			
9	Unplug CU – DCU Comms. Cable for each DCU unit (at DCU end)	N/A, There is no communication with the local loads.	Yes No	Yes No			
10	Unplug DCU - Load Comms cable	N/A, There is no communication with the local loads.	Yes No	Yes No			

The purpose of the 'Fail Safe' Tests is to ensure that if any part of the ELS fail, the exported power does not exceed the MEC by more than 5% for more than 5 seconds.

It is a fixed requirement that at no time during the 'Fail Safe' sequence shall the exported power rise above the MEC by more than 5% for more than 5 seconds.

PART 6: ACCURACY AND RESPONSE TIME

ESB Networks ELS requirements:

The overall accuracy of the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) with regard to measurement and control of MEC shall be determined by the manufacturer of the system and published within its operating manual. In carrying out the functional tests these tolerances shall be taken into account.

Functional testing - Injection testing

Export limit conditions can be simulated by temporarily connecting the PMU to a calibrated injection test set.

When using an injection test set, there is no feedback loop between the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) and the injection test set. This has two significant implications for the test process:

- As soon as the ELS begins to operate, because it sees no corresponding decrease in export levels, the control loop continues running until the Energy Source Units output is reduced to the programmed export capacity or below.
- To ensure that the ELS is reacting by the correct amount and within an acceptable time period, a step change needs be applied by the test set to the PMU.

No.	Test	Step Change Final Value	Outcome	Pass / Fail
1.	Step change A	Export = 105% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 105%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change A	Export = 105% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 110%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change A	Export = 105% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 120%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
2.	Step change B	Export = 110% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 105%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change B	Export = 110% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 110%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change B	Export = 110% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 120%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
3.	Step change C	Export = 120% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 105%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change C	Export = 120% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 110%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail
			At 110% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	Step change C	Export = 120% of programmed export limit value	At 95% Voltage	Pass X Fail
	95% to 120%		At 100% Voltage	Pass X Fail

The procedure for performing the test is as follows:

The following Step Change test sequence shall be performed:

- Initially apply 100% of nominal voltage and inject current (at unity power factor) to mimic an exported Active Power equivalent to 95% of the export limit setting. Check that the ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) does not operate.
- Step up the current to give an export Active Power equivalent to 105% of the export Active Power limit (for Test A), Check that change in export level is "seen" by the PMU.

At 110% Voltage

Pass X

Fail

- Check that the Active Power exported by the generation reduces to a value at least 5% below the export limit setting within the specified reaction time. The test shall be repeated at the maximum statutory voltage (i.e. at 110% of nominal voltage at LV) and also at the minimum voltage limit (i.e. 90% of nominal voltage for LV connections).
- All the above tests shall also be repeated for step increases from 95% to 110% of the export limit and from 95% to 120% of the export limit as detailed above.

When injection testing is complete, the correct orientation of any current monitoring connections (including CT orientations) which may have been removed for the test shall be checked and verified as correct.

PART 6A: CONFIRMATION OF OPERATION OF ELS TO LIMIT EXPORT AS REQUIRED

ESB Networks ELS requirements:

The ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) shall detect an excursion and reduce the export to the MEC or less, within 5 seconds.

Under normal operating conditions, the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) response time is less than 5 seconds.

Under loss of communications, or loss of power to any part of the ELS product (as outlined in Part 1), response time is less than 5 seconds.

Operation of above is confirmed	Yes X No
Operating Manual is available	Yes X No
The settings applied to ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) have taken account of the published (DOC-250221-GBT) tolerances to ensure the required export limits and voltage limits shall be maintained.	Yes X No

PART 7: PASSWORD PROTECTION	
ESB Networks ELS requirement:	
Once installed and commissioned, the ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) settings shall not be capable of being readily altered by the Customer and shall only be changed with the written agreement of ESB Networks.	Yes X No
All settings of the ELS product(as outlined in Part 1) are password protected and cannot be altered by the customer.	Yes X No
PART 8: INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS	
ELS Installation Requirements for ELS Product(as outlined in Part 1):	
Please insert installation requirements or if attached as PDF to this form tick here: 🛛	
PART 9: MANUFACTURERS ELS PRODUCT DECLARATION FOR ESB NETWORKS	
ESB Networks ELS requirement: Once installed and commissioned, the scheme settings shall not be capable of being readily altere and shall only be changed with the written agreement of ESB Networks.	d by the Customer
The ELS product (as outlined in Part 1) complies with the 'Conditions Governing the Connection and Operation of Export Limiting Sc 250221-GBT) when installed and commissioned in accordance with the product documentation.	chemes' (DOC-
Manufacturer's (as outlined in Part 1) Representative Details	
Representative Name: Pan guangquan	
Title: Certified Engineer	
Email: _guangquan.pan@saj-electric.com	
Contact Telephone Number: 02066608528	

12th July 2024 Date:

Signature:

Guangquan.Pan



Manufacturer's Declaration

Power Export Limitation for Grid-connected PV Inverter

ESB Company Standard NC7-03-R1

Energy Storage System Types:

HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2;

HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X;

HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X WiFi;

HS2-3K/3.6K/4K/4.6K/5K/6K-S2-X 4G;

HS2-5K-S2-B, HS2-5K-S2-B-X, HS2-5K-S2-B WiFi, HS2-5K-S2-B 4G;

HS2-6K-S2-IE-X WiFi, HS2-6K-S2-IE-X 4G;

Power Sensor:

DDSU666 Single-Phase Meter

Statement:

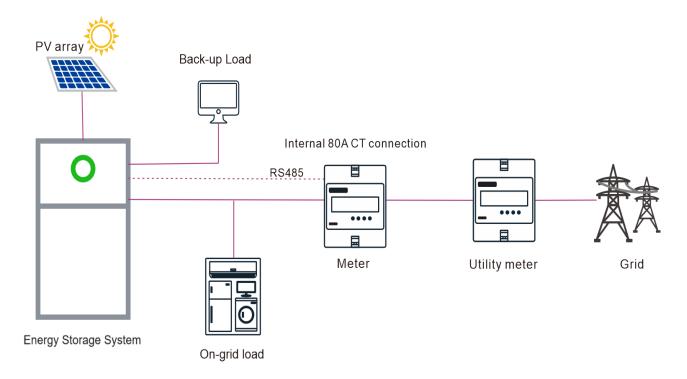
The Energy Storage Systems mentioned above, when installed with a power sensor, are as a system compliant to the technical regulations set forth in the ESB Company Standard NC7-03-R1. This declaration applies to installations connected to the low voltage grid where the total Energy Storage System Power Export capability must be reduced to meet the contracted Maximum Export Capability.

Guangzhou Sanjing Electric Co., Ltd.

Signed: Guangguan. Pan Date: 12th July 2024

Description of Operation:

The Export Limiting System(ELS) consists of PV modules, Energy Storage System, loads and a Meter. The AC side of the Energy Storage System is connected to the Utility Grid through the Utility meter; the Meter is mounted behind the Utility Meter and establishes communication with the Energy Storage System through RS485&RJ45 connection; the DC side of the Energy Storage System is connected to the PV modules. The following is a typical wiring diagram of the ELS.



Fail Safe Operation:

The Energy Storage System communicates with the Meter through RS485 and polling to receive data. And the Energy Storage System compares the export power and import power data with the ELS limit value to control the power balance of the plant. When the Energy Storage System does not receive the Meter data, Energy Storage System will enter the fault state and stop power transmission within 5 seconds.